#### Architect as Content Leader

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#### **Abstract**

Systems architects play a complementary role to managers, such as project leaders, marketing managers, line managers. They struggle often with their recognition, contributuon, and role. In this presentation, we advocate that systems architects are content leaders. We look at past projects to see how far they are recognized, and how they contributed. How can we ern and live up to the proposed role?

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# Figure of Contents™

context What do we teach? system multi-disciplinary connect breadth and depth Why, what do we assume? abstraction levels roles content leadership Why, what to achieve? integral, holistic, big picture good system fitting context system level ill understood Past, where were companies? context ill connected lacking effectiveness and efficiency Today, where are companies? Why are we in this state? that is the question © Future what and how to teach?

### What do we teach bachelor students?

Teaching 2<sup>nd</sup> year bachelor students

Goal: create awareness of what is beyond engineering

And now, the first 6 slides of their course

### Mono-disciplinary engineering

mono-disciplinary engineering

software engineering electrical engineering mechanical engineering specify

design
model, analyse,
partition, interfaces, etc.

coding & CADing

testing

### Huge differences in language and way of thinking

software engineering

embedded systems electrical engineering

control engineering

mechanical engineering

materials and mechanics

completely different world views

virtual world intangible software and digital hardware

actuate

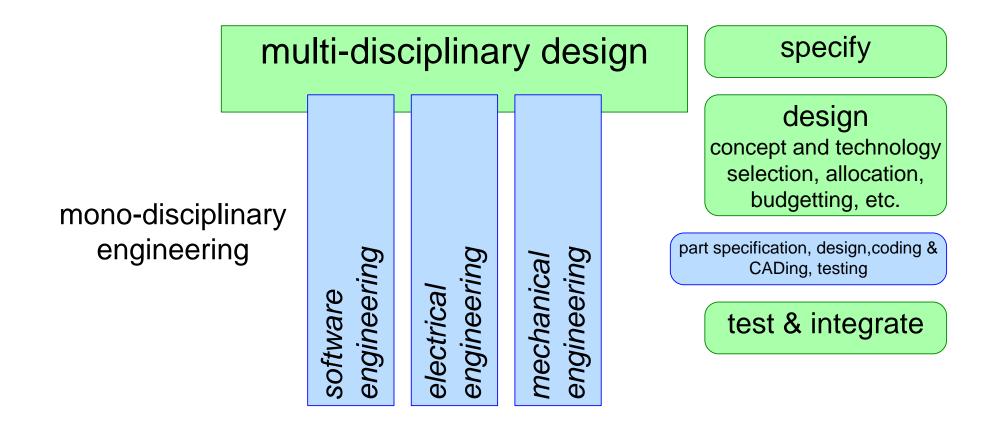
sense

physical world

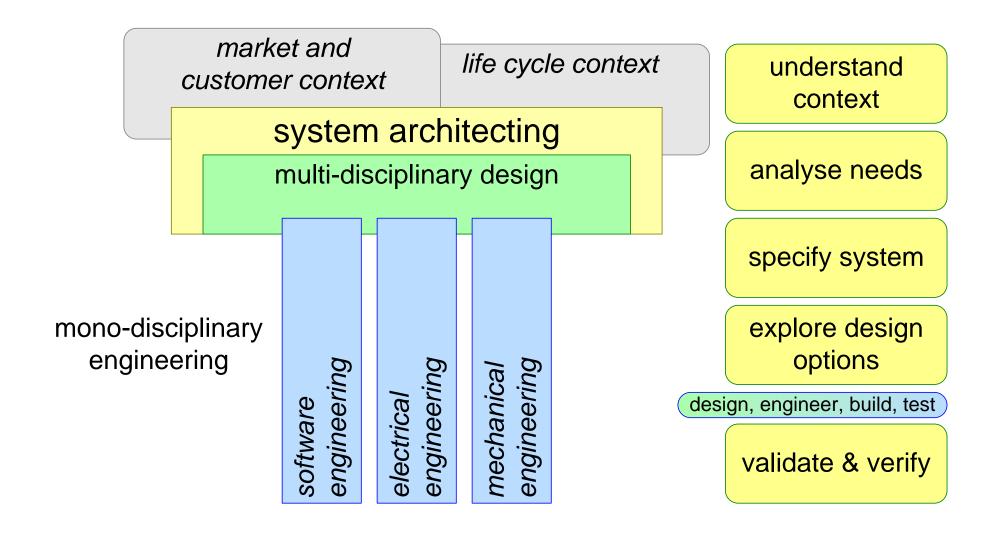
physics laws and constraints

e.g. noise, vibrations, turbulence, friction,

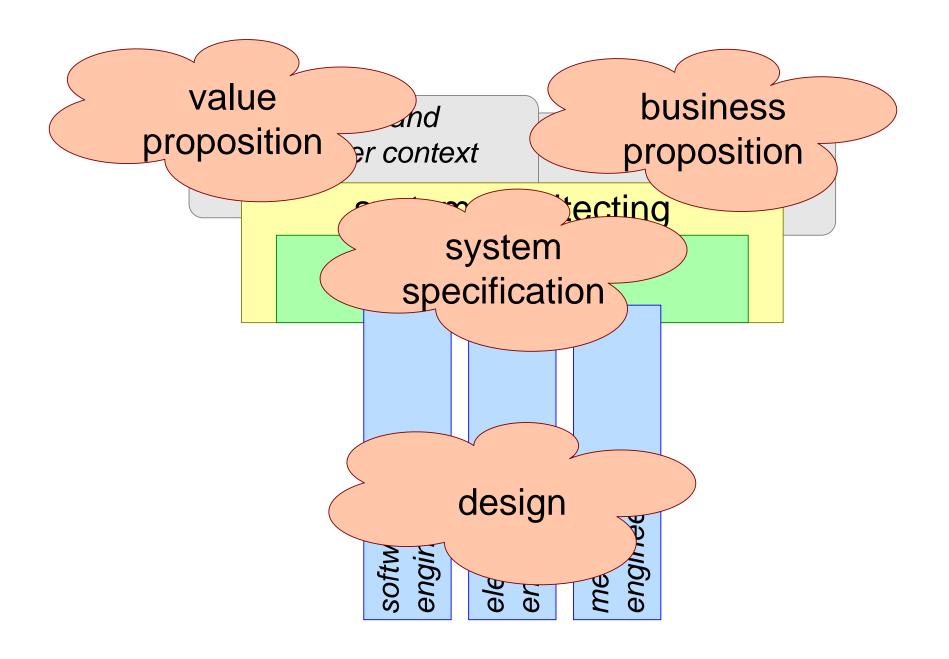
### Multi-disciplinary design and engineering



### Architecting: Fit-For-Purpose



### Delivery at the end of this module



### More specific deliveries

Value Proposition
Why does customer want to buy?
Why do users like to use the system?

- customer key drivers
- cost of ownership
- customer business analysis
- customer stakeholders and concerns
- story or scenario
- context diagram
- work flow or ConOps

Business Proposition
How do we earn money?
How do we run a healthy business?

- life cycle key drivers
- business model
- cash flow analysis
- life cycle stakeholders and concerns
- life cycle model
- supply chain
- · organization chart
- plan

System Specification
What does customer get?
What is the system-of-interest that we deliver?

- functions
- qualities (e.g. quantified performance)
- interfaces
- constraints, standards, regulations

#### Design

How will we realize this specification?

How do we ensure performance, safety, robustness, etc.?

- partitioning and interfaces
- dynamic behavior, e.g. functional model
- performance budgets
- concept and technology selection
- make or buy, supplier selection

Teaching master students in systems engineering

Goal: provide a foundation to become a systems engineer

Teaching experienced designers and architects

Goal: help them to step in leadership role

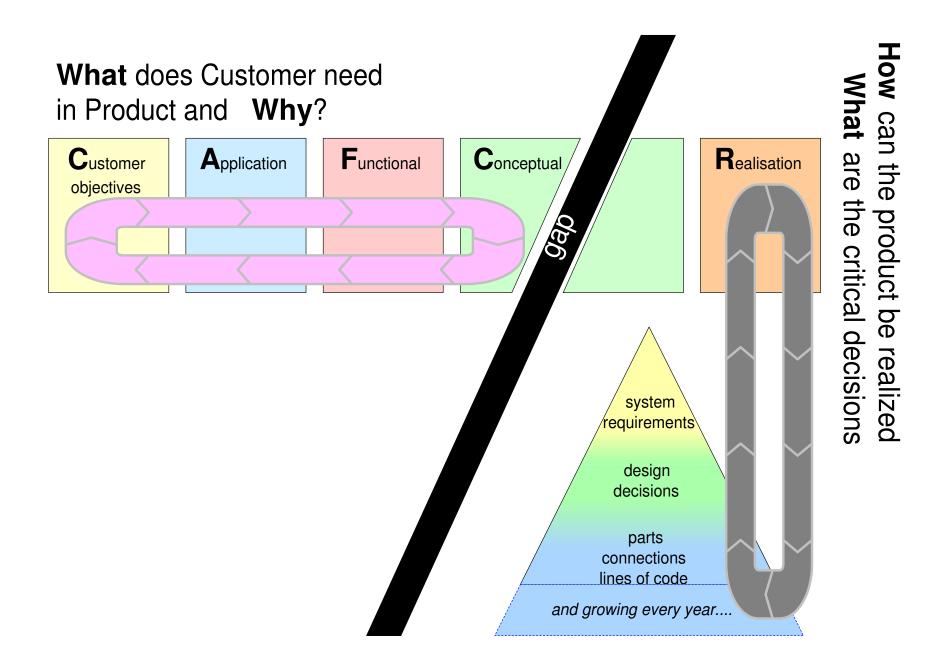
Content: nearly the same...

However, different didactic process

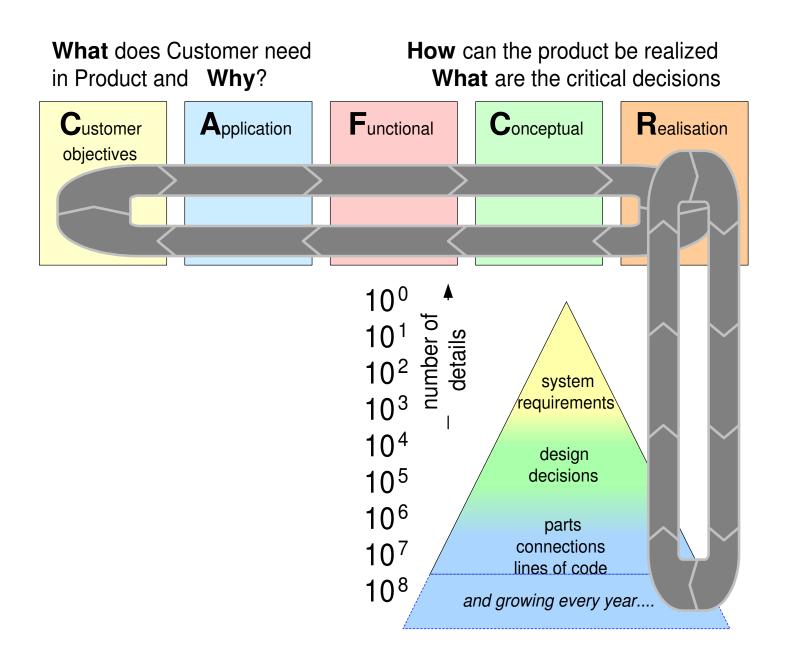
### Why, what do we assume?

context What do we teach? system multi-disciplinary connect breadth and depth Why, what do we assume? abstraction levels roles content leadership Why, what to achieve? integral, holistic, big picture good system fitting context system level ill understood Past, where were companies? context ill connected lacking effectiveness and efficiency Today, where are companies? Why are we in this state? that is the question © Future what and how to teach?

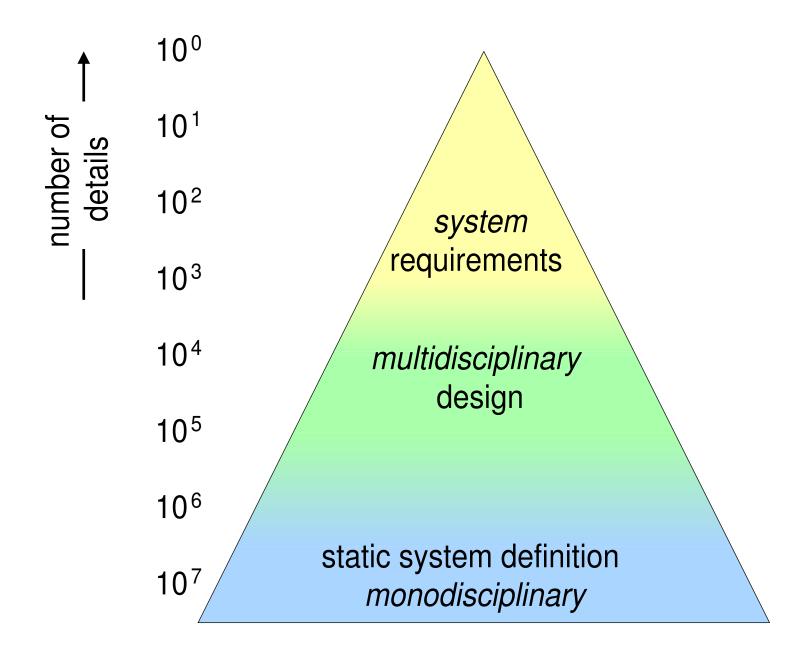
### Problem: Disconnect between Breadth and Depth



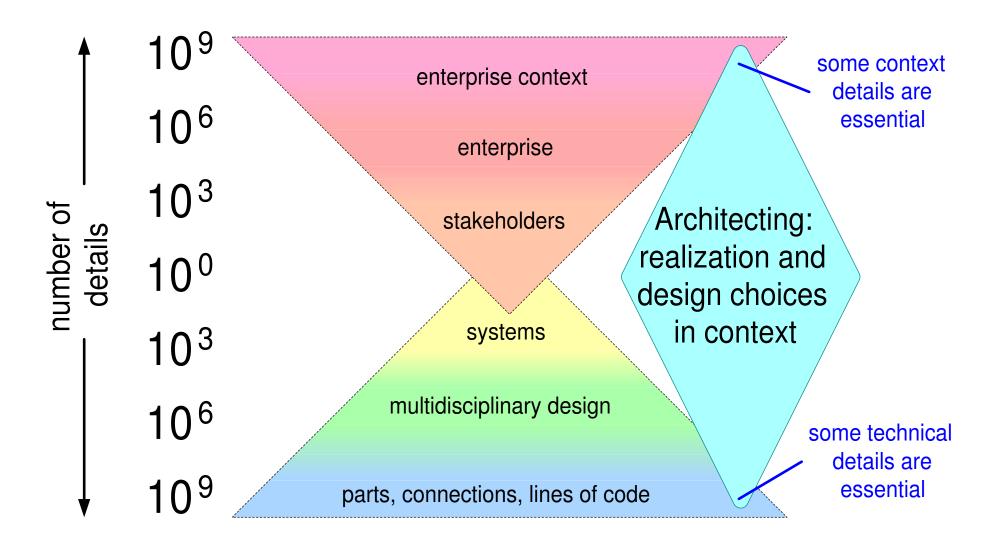
### Assumption 1: Architects form the Hinge



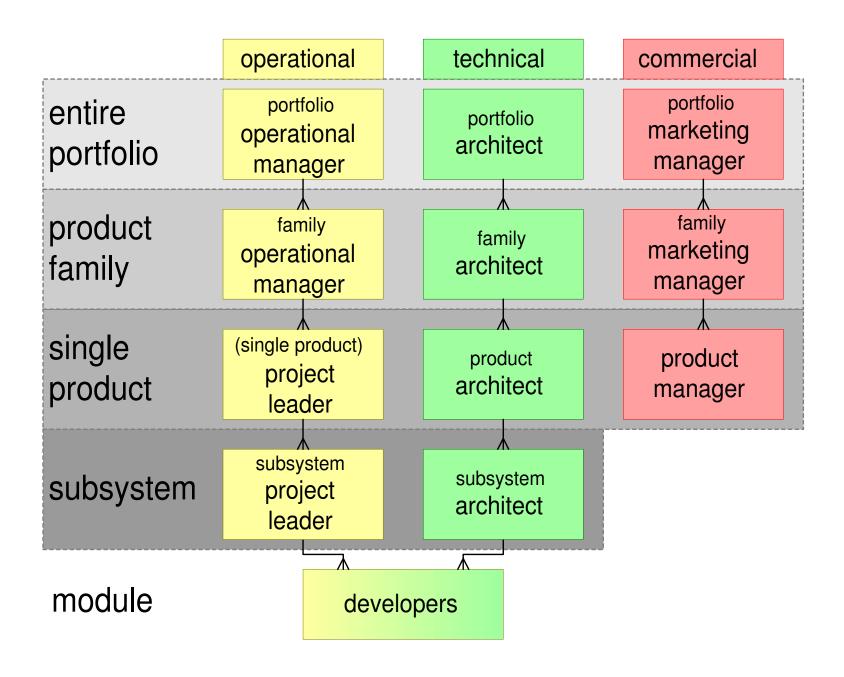
### Level of Abstraction Single System



### Assumption 2: Architecting at Multiple Levels of Abstraction



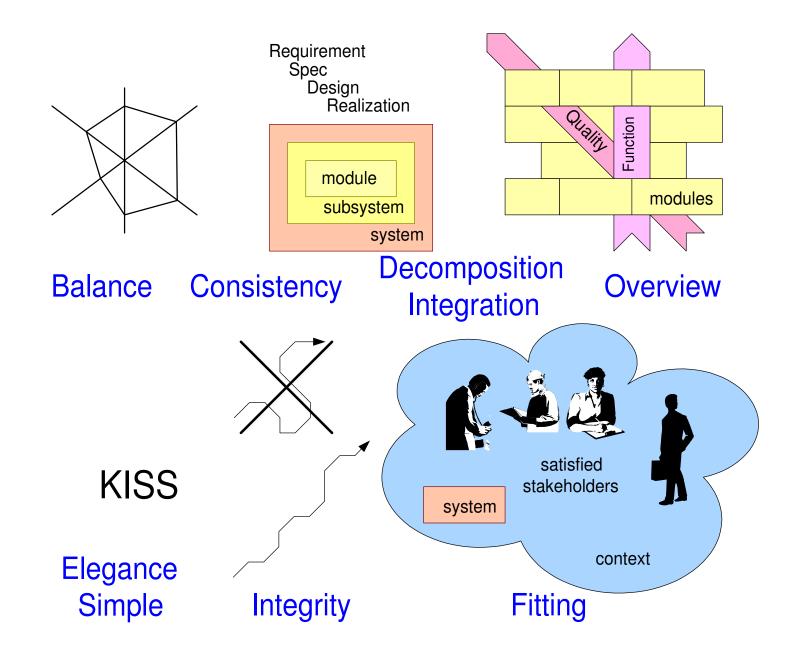
# Assumption 3: Main Roles in Product Creation



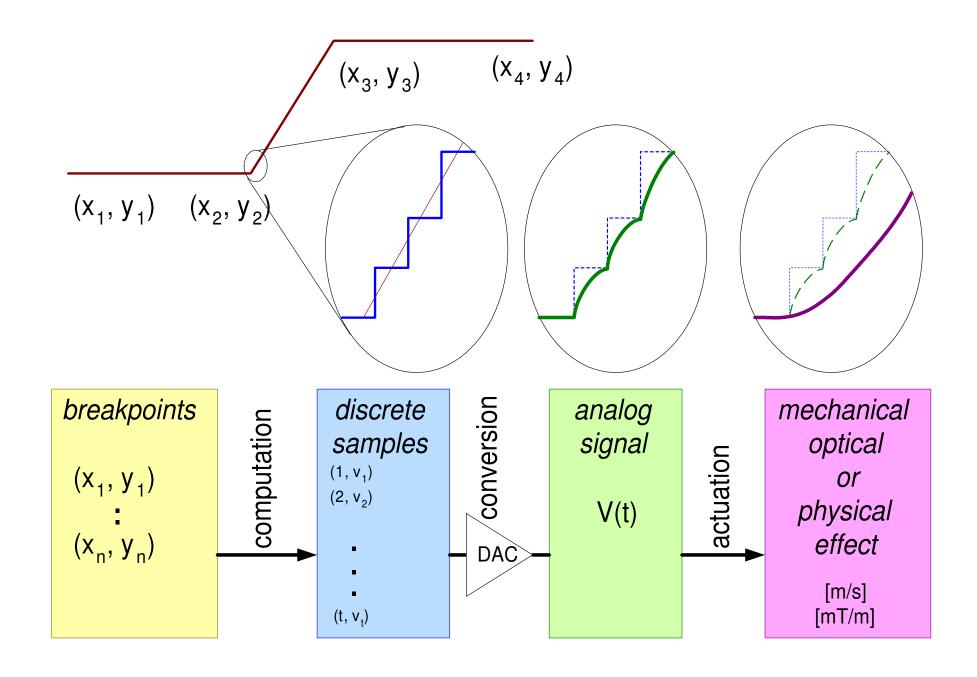
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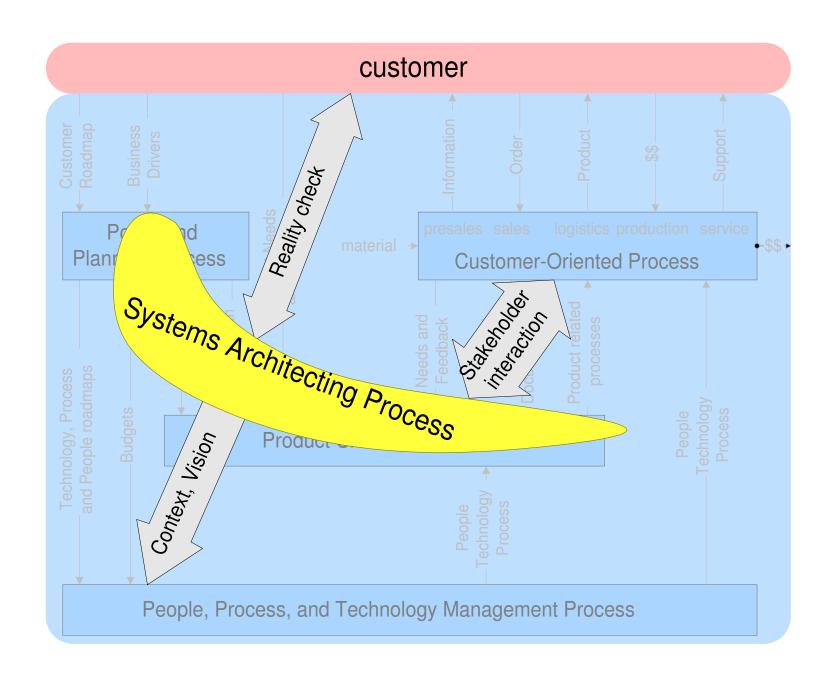
## Responsibilities according SARCH course



### Ability to go Deep where needed



# Participating in Product Creation and Strategy



### Past, where were companies?

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### Disclaimer

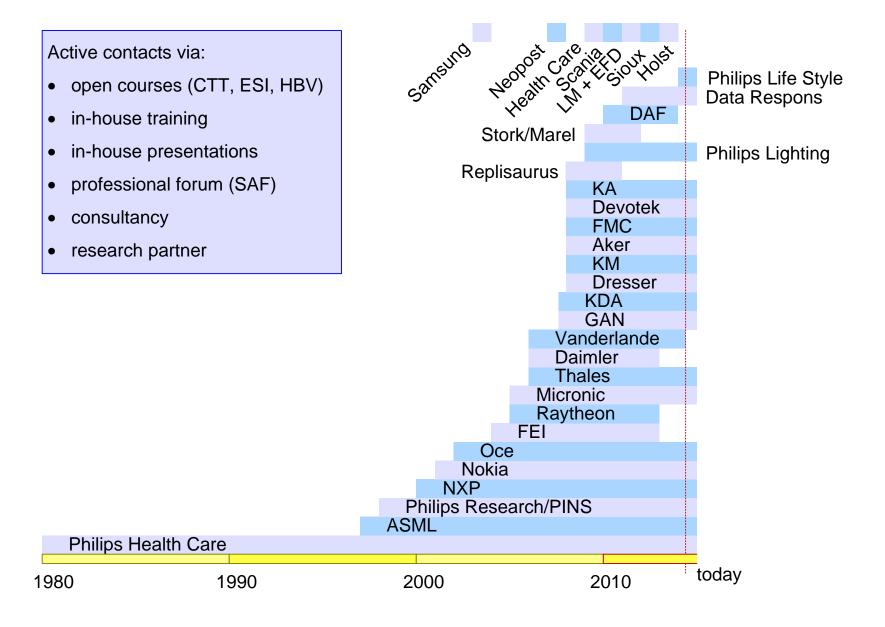
The following analysis is absolutely subjective,

based on the opinion of a single person.

No academic conclusions can be based

on the presented data.

### **Observations Based on Actual Contacts**



#### Status in the Past

### mostly missing marketing:

- market research
- strategy

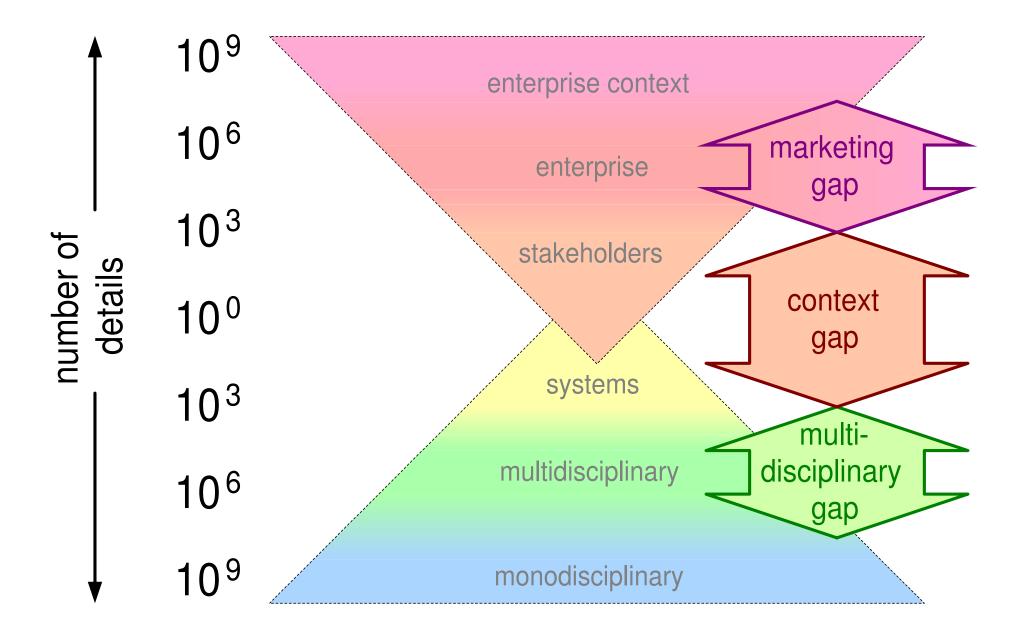
#### ill-understood systems architecting:

- confused with requirements engineering
- confused with project management
- confused with best mono-disciplinary engineer

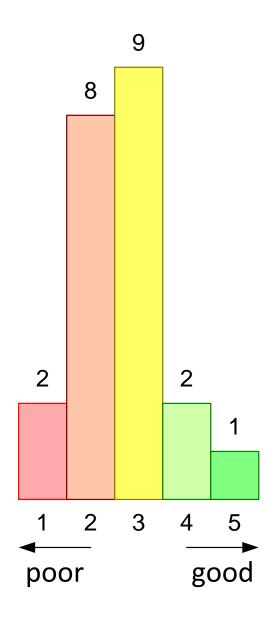
### dominant engineering management

- project management
- monodisciplinary engineering
- specification, product data, configuration, changes, problems management

### Frequently observed gaps



### The Data behind the Statements



1:

focus on components or mono disciplines; no understanding of "system"

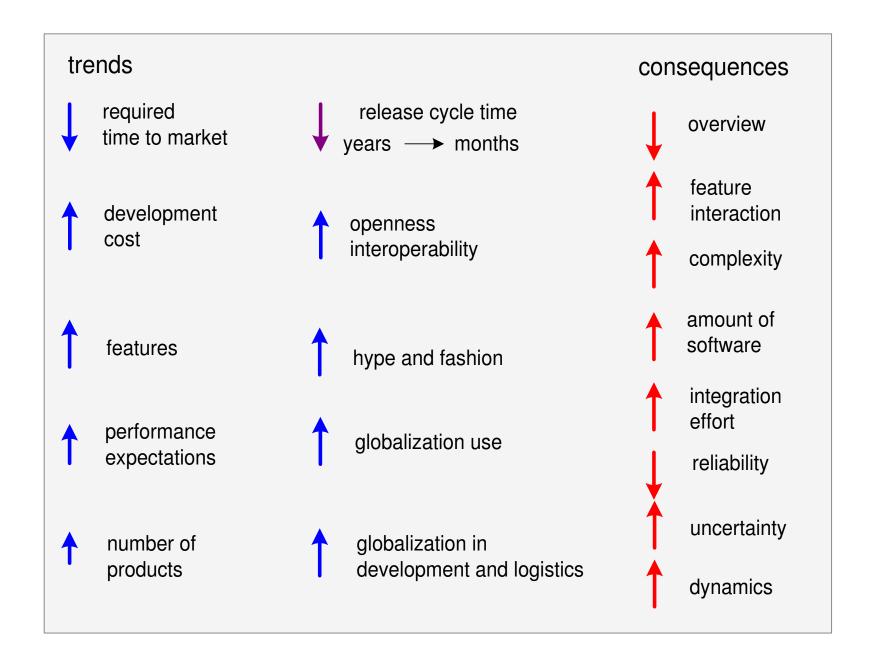
3:

there are individuals fulfilling the systems role, and being effective despite the organization. Organization mostly blind for "system" needs and value

5:

systems architects at key position, recognized in organization, effective in leading development

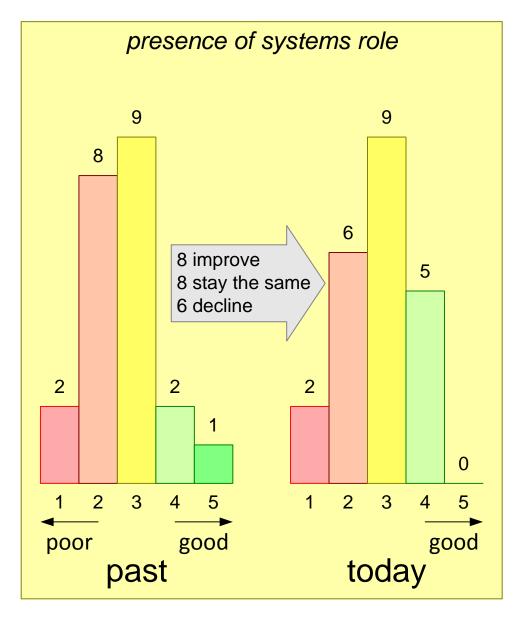
### Need for Architecting is Increasing!

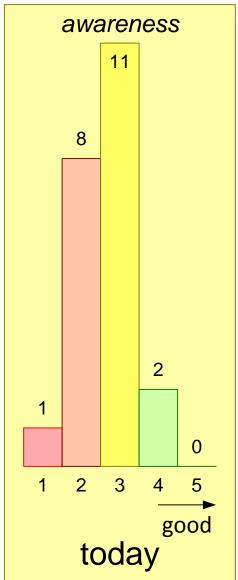


# Today, where are companies?

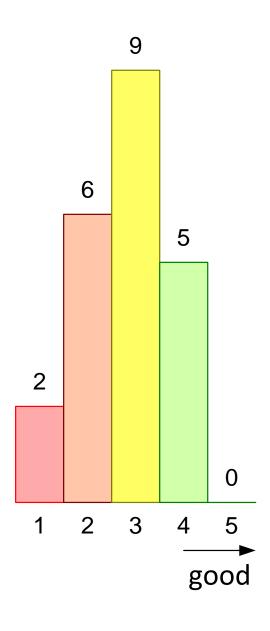
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### Presence and Awareness of Systems Role





### Some Observations



- product-oriented companies score higher than project-oriented companies (~½ point)
- Dutch companies (dominatingly product) score better than Norwegian (where projects dominate) (~½ point)
- There seems to be a slight correlation with size large, e.g. 1000+ engineers, score ~0.4 better than medium size, which score ~0.4 better than small, e.g. 100- engineers

### Why are we in this state?

context What do we teach? system multi-disciplinary connect breadth and depth Why, what do we assume? abstraction levels roles content leadership Why, what to achieve? integral, holistic, big picture good system fitting context system level ill understood Past, where were companies? context ill connected lacking effectiveness and efficiency Today, where are companies? Why are we in this state? that is the question © Future what and how to teach?

### Some Reasons for Stagnation

#### architects typically are INTPs:

- their Introverted nature limits them
- their analytical skills limit them
- the need for solid answers limits them

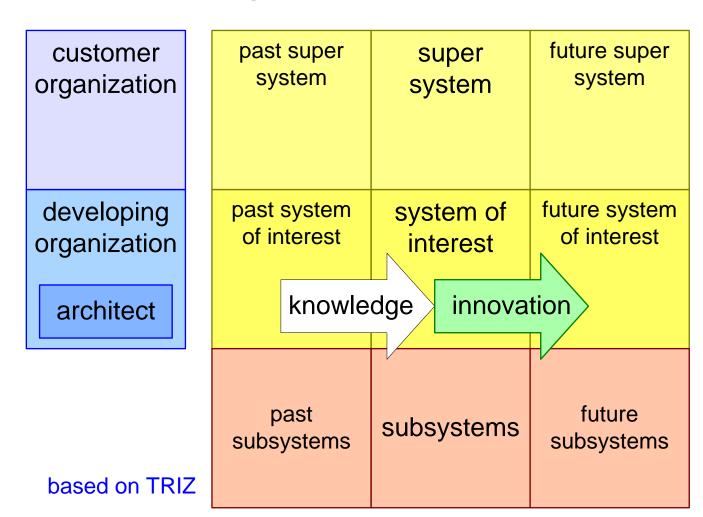
#### managers live in a control world:

- with an anglosaxon short-term culture
- a belief in KPIs (derived from "measuring is knowing")
- and a political context

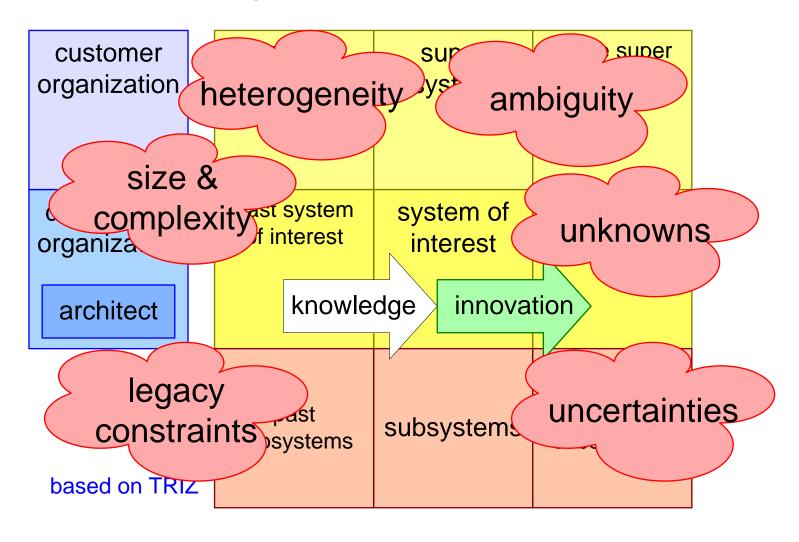
#### How can we

- help architects to become more visible and confident?
- help managers to understand architecst, architecting, and architectures so that they can coach (potential) architects?

# past current future



# past current future



### Future what and how to teach?

context What do we teach? system multi-disciplinary connect breadth and depth Why, what do we assume? abstraction levels roles content leadership Why, what to achieve? integral, holistic, big picture good system fitting context system level ill understood Past, where were companies? context ill connected lacking effectiveness and efficiency Today, where are companies? Why are we in this state? that is the question © Future what and how to teach?

### What is Competence?

attitude (perseverance, faith, critical, constructive, etc.)

#### train

ability (know when to use what skill and knowledge)

apply/use often, experience

skills (calculate missing angle, calculate hypothenusa)

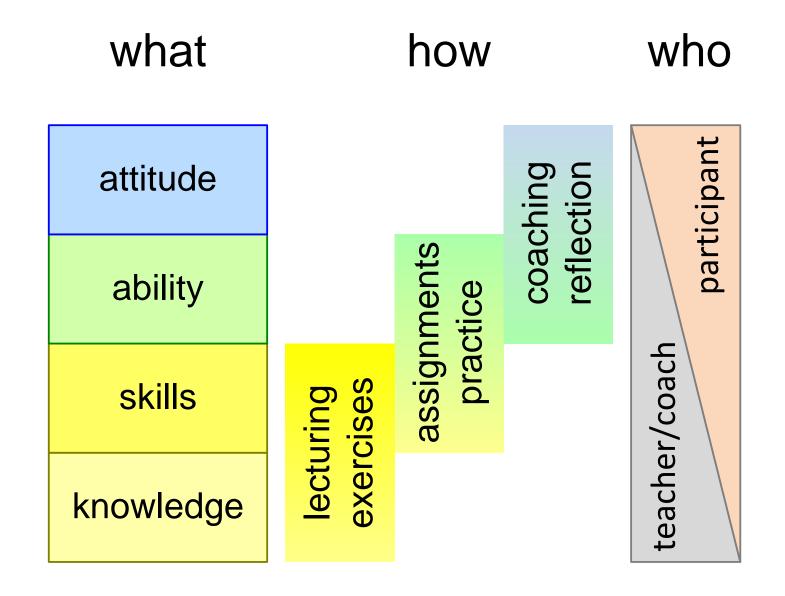
#### exercise

knowledge (triangle has 3 corners, sum of angles is 180 degrees, Pythagoras  $c^2 = a^2 + b^2$ )

learn

Competence = knowledge + skills + ability + attitude

# Competence Program Partitioning



"hard" technical

lectures, courses, workshops

case

practice, management involvement

"soft" psycho social workshops

What do we teach?	context system multi-disciplinary	
Why, what do we assume?	connect breadth and depth abstraction levels roles	
Why, what to achieve?	content leadership integral, holistic, big picture good system fitting context	learning to cope with
Past, where were companies?	system level ill understood context ill connected lacking effectiveness and efficiency	<ul><li>legacy constraints</li><li>size &amp; complexity</li></ul>
Today, where are companies?	small improvement "good" $3 \rightarrow 5$ (of 22)	<ul><li>heterogeneity</li></ul>
Why are we in this state?	architect profile managerial context	<ul><li>ambiguity</li><li>unknowns</li></ul>
Future what and how to teach?	balance of "hard" and "soft" teaching, doing, reflecting	<ul><li>uncertainties</li></ul>